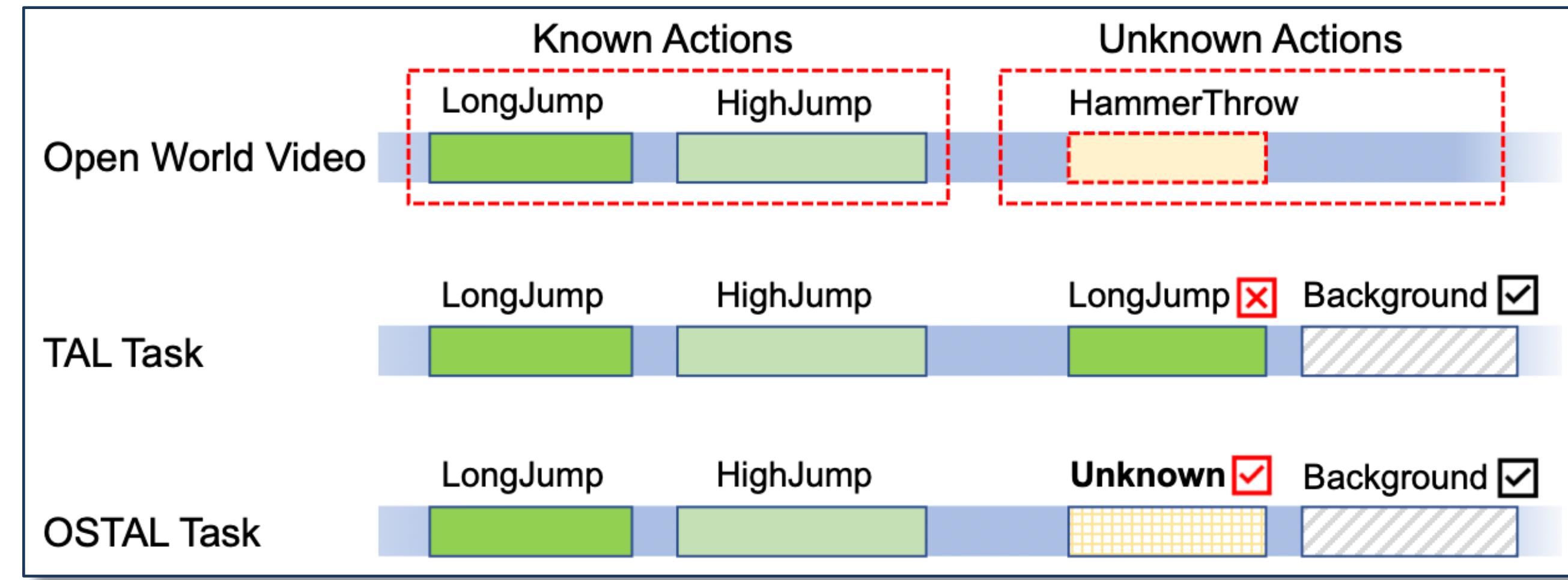


Problem Setup

- Open Set Temporal Action Localization (**OSTAL**) aims to:
 - **Localize** human actions temporally in untrimmed videos.
 - **Recognize** the known types of the actions.
 - **Reject** the unknown actions.
- Model Training & Testing
 - Trained with known classes (**closed-set**)
 - Tested with known & **unknown** classes (**open-set**)
- Comparison with TAL



Challenges

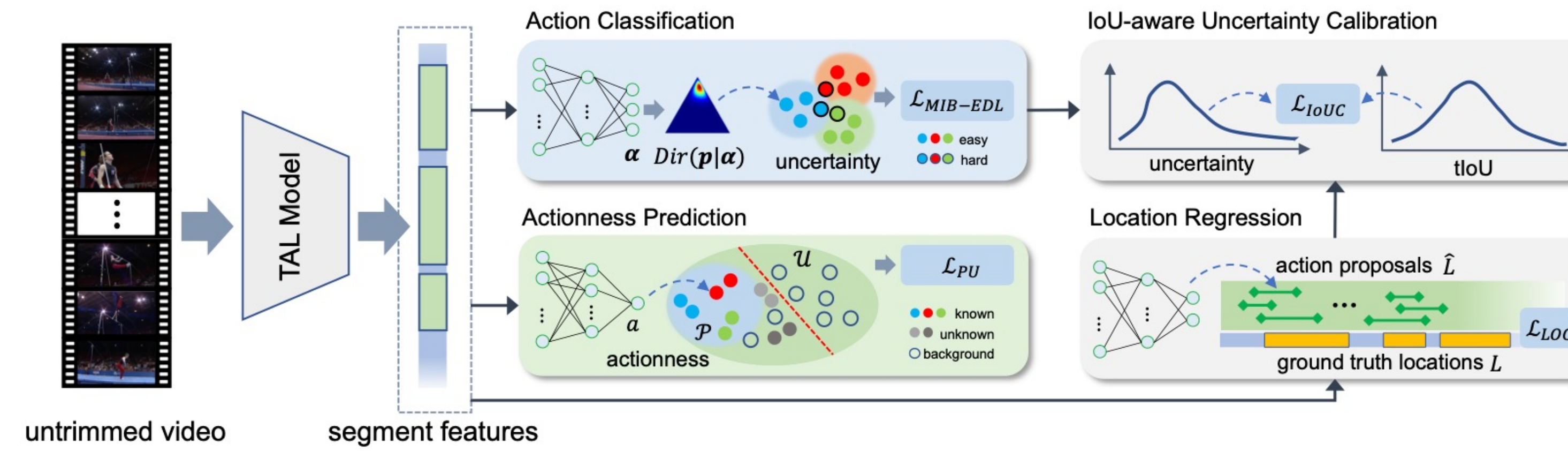
- **Background** CANNOT be removed (provide context for localization).
- **Unknown** actions CANNOT be removed (no temporal annotations).
- **Semi-supervision**: unknown actions are MIXED with backgrounds.

Significance

- The first attempt for temporal action localization in open-set setting.
- Valuable task for real-world landing of video TAL models:
 - Localize unexpected new video events over time.
 - Facilitate large-scale temporal annotations.

OpenTAL Model

- Overview of Framework



- **Learning**: decoupling the OSTAL objective into:

- Uncertainty-aware Action Classification: **“Are they known / unknown?”**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{MIB-EDL}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \tilde{w}_i^{(t)} \mathcal{L}_{\text{EDL}}^{(i)}(\alpha_i), \quad \mathcal{L}_{\text{EDL}}^{(i)}(\alpha_i) = \sum_{j=1}^K t_{ij} (\log(S_i) - \log(\alpha_{ij})),$$

- Actionness Prediction: **“Are they foreground / background?”**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{ACT}}(\hat{\mathcal{P}}, \hat{\mathcal{N}}) = -\frac{1}{|\hat{\mathcal{P}}|} \sum_{\hat{a}_i \in \hat{\mathcal{P}}} \log \hat{a}_i - \frac{1}{|\hat{\mathcal{N}}|} \sum_{\hat{a}_i \in \hat{\mathcal{N}}} \log(1 - \hat{a}_i).$$

- Temporal Location Regression: **“Where are the human actions?”**

$$\begin{cases} \mathcal{L}_{\text{LOC}}(\{\hat{l}_i\}) = \frac{1}{N_C} \sum_i \mathbb{I}[y_i \geq 1] \left(1 - \frac{|\hat{l}_i \cap l_i|}{|\hat{l}_i \cup l_i|}\right) \\ \mathcal{L}_{\text{LOC}}(\{\hat{\delta}_i\}) = \frac{1}{N_R} \sum_i \mathbb{I}[y_i \geq 1] (|\hat{\delta}_i - \delta_i|), \end{cases}$$

- IoU-aware Uncertainty Calibration: **“Is the uncertainty consistent with tIoU?”**

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{IoUC}}(\hat{l}_i, u_i) = -w_{\hat{l}_i, l_i} \log(1 - u_i) - (1 - w_{\hat{l}_i, l_i}) \log(u_i)$$

$$w_{\hat{l}_i, l_i} = \max(\gamma, \text{IoU}(\hat{l}_i, l_i))$$

- **Inference**: jointly using **uncertainty** $u = K / \sum_k \hat{\alpha}_k$ and **actionness** \hat{a} .

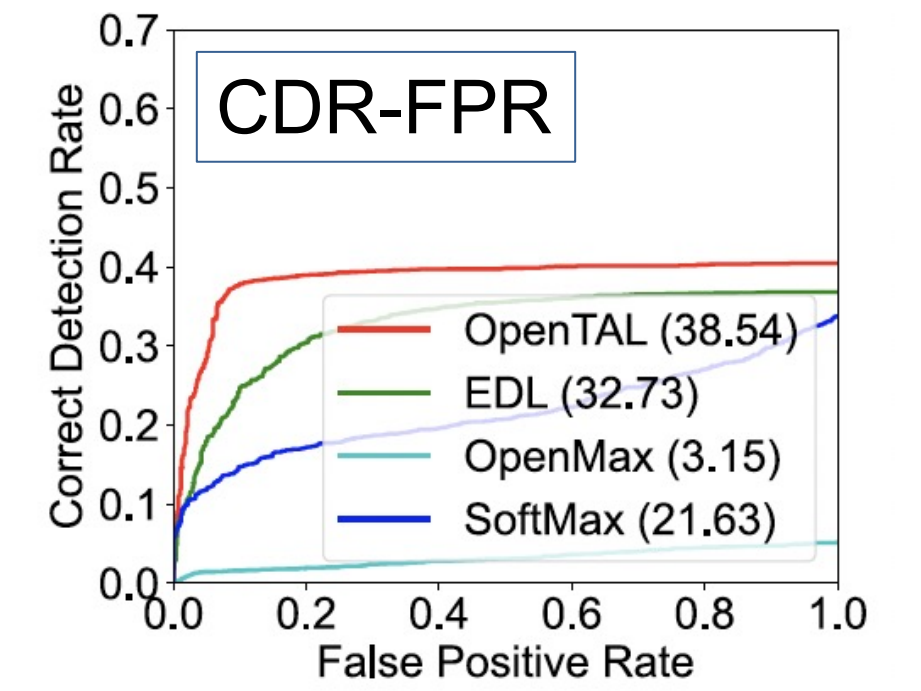
Experimental Results

- **New Metric**: Open Set Detection Rate (**OSDR**)

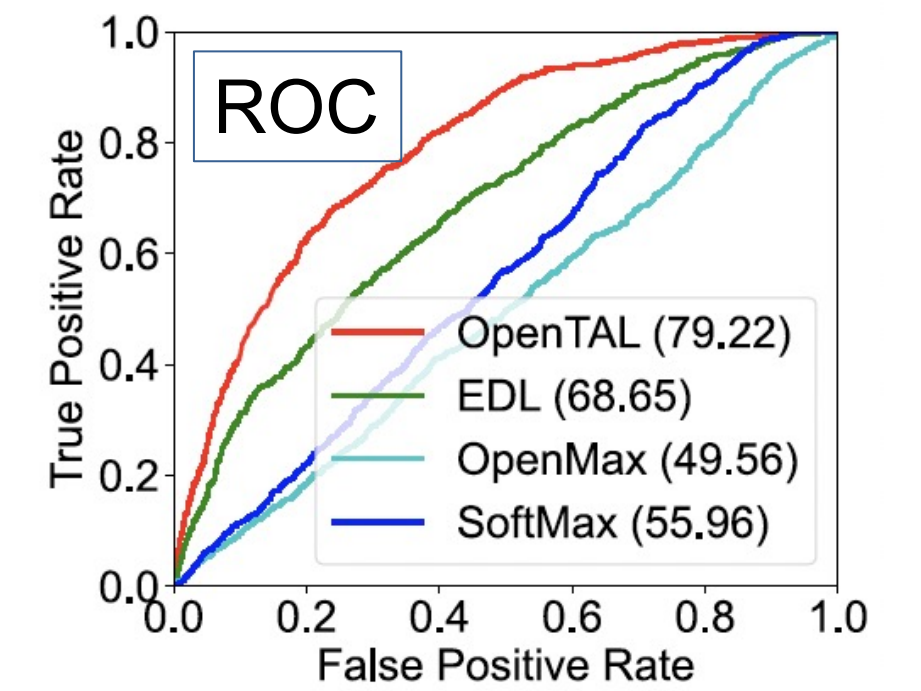
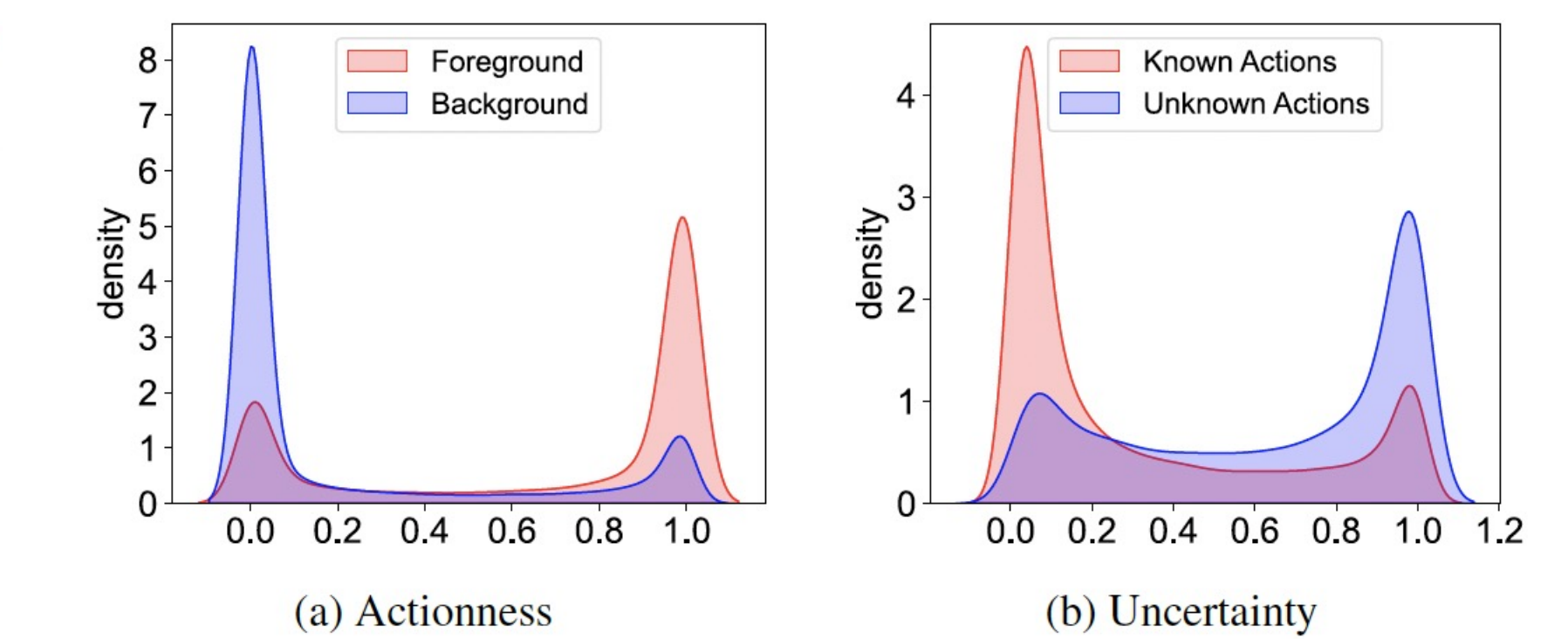
$$\text{Area Under the CDR-FPR curve} \begin{cases} \text{CDR}(\tau, t_0) = \frac{|\{x | (x \in \mathcal{F}_k) \wedge (\hat{f}_{x|y} = y) \wedge P(x) < \tau\}|}{|\mathcal{F}_k|} \\ \text{FPR}(\tau, t_0) = \frac{|\{x | (x \in \mathcal{F}_u) \wedge P(x) < \tau\}|}{|\mathcal{F}_u|} \end{cases}$$

- **Compare with SOTA**

Methods	THUMOS14 as the Unknown			
	FAR@95 (↓)	AUROC	AUPR	OSDR
SoftMax	85.58	54.70	31.85	23.40
OpenMax [6]	90.34	53.26	33.17	13.66
EDL [4]	81.42	64.05	40.05	36.26
OpenTAL	70.96	78.33	58.62	42.91



- **Distributions of Actionness and Uncertainty**



Demo

